CLASS VII

English (Class VII)

Learning Outcomes	Resources	Week-wise Suggestive Activities (to be guided by Parents with the help of teachers)
 The learner- consciously listens to songs/poems/stories /prose texts in English through interaction and being exposed to print-rich environment listens to English news and debates (TV, Radio) as input for discussion and debating skills watches and listens to English movies, serials, educational channels with subtitles, audio-video materials, teacher reading out from materials and eminent speakers 	The theme can be Health and Hygiene http://ncert.nic.in/te xtbook/textbook.htm Use QR code reader form mobile. Use gov.in/WHO/UNICEF sources that are copyright free or in creative commons.	Competency/skill—Listening Teachers provide online links to listen to poems /songs/ stories, etc., and ask them to record their comments and ideas. Teachers may ask learners to listen to/see the news and summarise the main points. Learners may listen to audio enabled texts (from audio textbooks of NCERT or any text, if available), share poems, songs, jokes, riddles, tongue twisters, etc. Learners listen to recorded messages. The message can be about how to keep one's self and community safe during the ongoing Corona virus/COVID 19 outbreak—(For example: By washing their hands with soap for 20 seconds at regular intervals, etc.) Teachers share some links with learners to listen to/ view safety measures in English.
 The learner - infers the meaning of unfamiliar words by reading them in context refers to the dictionary, thesaurus and encyclopedia to find meanings / spelling of words while reading and writing 	Online dictionaries www.macmillandictio nary.com The Free Online English Dictionaries are used for Definitions, meanings, synonyms, pronunciations, games, sound effects, high-quality images at dictionary.cambridge.o rq dictionary QR codes of the textbooks have a few additional activities. These could be used by all learners.	WEEK 2 Vocabulary • The teacher may give examples to use a dictionary as a reference book for finding multiple meanings of a word in a variety of contexts. • The teacher may give activities so that learners can understand the use of antonyms (clean/dirty) synonyms (indoor/inside) and homonym (tail/tale).

The learner -

- asks and responds to questions based on texts (from books or other resources) and out of curiosity
- reads textual/nontextual materials in English/Braille with comprehension
- identifies details, characters, main idea and sequence of ideas and events in textual /non-textual material
- thinks critically, compares and contrasts characters, events, ideas, themes and relates them to
- reads to seek information in print / online, notice board, signboards in public places, newspaper, hoardings etc.
- infers the meaning of unfamiliar words by reading them in context.
- reads a variety of texts in English / Braille and identifies main ideas, characters, sequence of ideas and events and relates with his/her personal experiences.
- reads a variety of texts for pleasure e.g. adventure stories and science fiction, fairy tales, biography, autobiography, travelogue, etc. (extensive reading)

WEEK 3

Reading

- After the learners have listened to the story / text / poem, ask them to read the text on their own.
- Learners read the text in chunks (the text may be divided into four or five sections). NCERT textbooks are divided into sections followed by oral comprehension check.
- Comprehension check can be conducted by using
 - true/false
 - matching
 - multiple choices
 - short answer
 - gap filling
 - completion type
 - word attack
 - questions and answer
 - table completion type questions etc.

http://ncert.nic.in/textbook/textb
ook.htm

• End of the text questions can be attempted by the learners.

The learner -

- uses appropriate grammatical forms in communication (e.g. noun, pronoun, verb, determiners, time and tense, passivisation, adjective, adverb, etc)
- organises sentences coherently in English / in Braille with the help of verbal and visual clues and with a sense of audience
- writes formal letters, personal diary, list, email, SMS, etc.
- writes descriptions / narratives showing sensitivity to gender, environment and appreciation of cultural diversity
- writes dialogues from a story and story from dialogues
- writes a book review.

Writing activities should be related to the immediate environment of the learner.

For example you can ask them to prepare a poster on **Staying Healthy And Safe** by referring only to resources on gov.in. QR codes of the textbook have some additional activities. These could be used by all learners.

WEEK 4

Grammar and Writing

The teacher may

- Give learners examples of the grammar item and then ask the learners to underline the grammar items in the text.
- Ask them to look for more examples online and write.
- Share the steps in the Process Approach to Writing with the learners.

Brainstorming: writing down many ideas that may come to an individual's mind or through discussions, pair work, group work.

Outlining: organising the ideas into a logical sequence.

Drafting: writer concentrates on the content of the message (rather than the form).

Revisions: in response to the writer's second thoughts or feedback provided by peers or teacher, the draft is revised through

Proof-reading: with an emphasis on form. Correct the language and appropriateness of its use.

Final draft: write the final draft

Project

Learners can be asked to collect all the advertisements /advisories released from by official sources only like gov.in, WHO and UNICEF and make a collage.